

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549**

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number 1-8245

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization

22-2084119
I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

5 N. Lincoln Street, Keene, N.H.
Address of Principal Executive Offices

03431
Zip Code

(732) 741-4008
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Units of Beneficial Interest	NRT	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ___ No

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Act. Yes ___ No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No ___

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes No ___

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer ___
Non-accelerated filer

Accelerated filer ___
Smaller reporting company
Emerging growth company ___

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ___

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report. ___

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ___ No

On April 30, 2020, the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold was \$29,431,481.

As of December 30, 2020, there were 9,190,590 units of beneficial interest ("units") of the registrant outstanding.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14 of Part III have been partially or wholly omitted from this report and the information required to be contained therein is incorporated by reference from the registrant's definitive proxy statement for the 2020 Annual Meeting to be held on February 17, 2021.

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PART I

Item 1. Business.

(a) General Development of Business. North European Oil Royalty Trust (the “Trust”) is a grantor trust which, on behalf of the owners of beneficial interest in the Trust (the “unit owners”), holds overriding royalty rights covering gas and oil production in certain concessions or leases in the Federal Republic of Germany. The rights are held under contracts with local German exploration and development subsidiaries of ExxonMobil Corp. (“ExxonMobil”) and the Royal Dutch/Shell Group of Companies (“Royal Dutch/Shell Group”). Under these contracts, the Trust receives various percentage royalties on the proceeds of the sales of certain products from the areas involved. At the present time, royalties are received for sales of gas well gas, oil well gas, crude oil, condensate and sulfur. See Item 2 of this Report for descriptions of the relationships of these companies and certain of these contracts.

The royalty rights were received by the Trust from North European Oil Company (the “Company”) upon dissolution of the Company in September 1975. The Company was organized in 1957 as the successor to North European Oil Corporation (the “Corporation”). The Trust is administered by trustees (the “Trustees”) under an Agreement of Trust dated September 10, 1975, as amended (the “Trust Agreement”).

Neither the Trust nor the Trustees on behalf of the Trust conduct any active business activities or operations. The function of the Trustees is to monitor, verify, collect, hold, invest and distribute the royalty payments made to the Trust. Under the Trust Agreement, the Trustees make quarterly distributions of the net funds received by the Trust on behalf of the unit owners. Funds temporarily held by the Trust prior to their distribution are invested in an interest bearing money market account.

There has been no significant change in the principal operation or purpose of the Trust during the past fiscal year.

As part of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (“SOX”), the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) adopted rules implementing legislation concerning governance matters for publicly held entities. The Trust is complying with the requirements of the SEC and SOX and, at this time, the Trustees have chosen not to request any relief from those provisions based on the passive nature of the Trust but may do so in the future. In that connection, the Trustees have directed that certain of the additional statements and disclosures set forth or incorporated by reference in this Report, which the SEC requires of corporations, be made even though some of such statements and disclosures might not now or in the future be required to be made by the Trust.

In addition, the New York Stock Exchange (the “NYSE”), where units of beneficial interest of the Trust are listed for trading, has additional corporate governance rules as set forth in Section 303A of the NYSE Listed Company Manual. Most of the governance requirements promulgated by the NYSE are not applicable to the Trust, which is a passive entity acting as a royalty trust and holds only overriding royalty rights. The Trustees have, however, chosen to constitute an Audit Committee and a Compensation Committee but may not necessarily continue to do so in the future.

(b) Narrative Description of Business. Under the Trust Agreement, the Trust conducts no active business operations and is restricted to collection of income from royalty rights and distribution to unit owners of the net income after payment of administrative and related expenses.

The overriding royalty rights held by the Trust are derived from contracts and agreements originally entered into by German subsidiaries of the predecessor Corporation during the early 1930s. The Trust's primary royalty rights are based on a government granted concession and remain in effect as long as there are continued production activities and/or exploration efforts within the concession. It is generally anticipated that production activities will continue as long as they remain economically profitable. The Trust holds other royalty rights, which are based on leases which have passed their original expiration dates. These leases remain in effect as long as there is continued production or the lessor does not cancel the lease. Individual lessors will normally not seek termination of the rights originally granted because the leases provide for royalty payments to the lessors if sales of oil or gas result from discoveries made on the leased land. Additionally, termination by individual lessors would result in the escheat of mineral rights to the applicable state.

Royalties are paid to the Trust on sales from production under these leases and concessions on a regular monthly or quarterly basis pursuant to the royalty agreements. The Trust receives the royalty payments exclusively in Euros. After the royalties have been deposited in the Trust's account with Deutsche Bank in Germany, sufficient funds are reserved to handle any outstanding or anticipated expenses and maintain a minimal balance of 10,000 Euros. The Trust's standing instructions with Deutsche Bank are then executed converting the remainder of Euro denominated funds into U.S. dollars based upon the available exchange rates. Following this conversion to U.S. dollars, the royalties are automatically transferred to the Trust's bank account in the U.S. The Trust does not engage in activities to hedge against currency risk, and the fluctuations in the conversion rate impact its financial results. Since the actual royalty deposits are held as Euros for such a limited time, the market risk with respect to these deposits is small. The Trust has not experienced any difficulty in effecting the conversion of Euros into U.S. dollars.

As the holder of overriding royalty rights, the Trust has no legal ability, whether by contract or operation of law, to compel production or exploration. Moreover, if an operator should determine to terminate production in any concession or lease area and to surrender the concession or lease, the royalty rights for that area would thereby be terminated. Under certain royalty agreements, it is a requirement that the Trust be advised of any intention to surrender lease or concession rights. While the Trust itself is precluded from undertaking any production activities, possible residual rights might permit the Trust to take up a surrendered concession or lease and attempt to retain a third-party operator to develop such concession or lease. There is no assurance that the Trust could find such a third party.

The exploration for and the production of gas and oil is a speculative business. The Trust has no means of ensuring continued income from its royalty rights at either their present levels or otherwise. The Trust has no role in any of the operating companies' decision-making processes, such as gas pricing, gas sales or exploration, which can impact royalty income. In addition, fluctuations in prices and supplies of gas and oil and the effect these fluctuations might have on royalty income to the Trust and on reserves net to the Trust cannot be accurately projected. Finally, natural gas and crude oil are wasting assets. While known reserves may increase as additional development adds quantities to the reserve amount, the amount of known and unknown reserves is finite and will decline over time. Given these factors, along with the uncertainty in worldwide and local German economic conditions

and the fact that the Trustees have no information beyond that information which is generally available to the public, the Trustees make no projections regarding future royalty income.

While Germany has laws relating to environmental protection, the Trustees do not have detailed information concerning the present or possible effect of such laws on operations in areas where the Trust holds royalty rights on production and sale of products from those areas. The Trustees were informed by the Trust's German consultant that on July 8, 2016, a hydraulic fracturing ("fracking") law was passed in Germany permitting fracking in sandstone at any depth. The law requires that an environmental impact study be performed and that permission by the relevant water authority be granted in order to ensure the protection of drinking water supplies. Based upon an analysis of the details of this law, the Trust's German consultant has informed the Trust that fracking will be permitted in all current productive zones within the Oldenburg concession (as defined below) both due to the depths involved and the nature of the productive zones. However, the operating companies would still have to comply with all regulatory requirements governing the use of fracking. The failure by the operating companies to comply with all regulatory requirements could affect the volume of gas, sulfur and oil production by the operating companies and could adversely affect the royalties paid to the Trust.

The Trust, in cooperation with a parallel royalty owner (Unitarian Universalist Congregation at Shelter Rock ("UUCSR")), arranges for periodic examinations of the books and records of the operating companies to verify compliance with the computation provisions of the applicable agreements. As a cost savings measure, the royalty examination is conducted on a biennial basis. From time to time, these examinations disclose computational errors or errors from inappropriate application of existing agreements and appropriate adjustments are requested to be made. As a result of the amendments to the Trust's royalty agreements which effect pricing simplification (see Item 7 of this Report), examinations by the Trust's German accountants have been simplified since these examinations are primarily limited to the verification of the gas quantities sold. Although these periodic examinations may also disclose other matters that are subject to dispute between the parties, these disputes have historically been resolved through negotiations without the need for litigation. The Trust's accountants in Germany will begin their examination of the operating companies for calendar years 2019 and 2020 in November 2021 when the final sales figures and the German Border Import gas Prices (see Item 7 of this Report) become available.

(c) Financial Information about Geographic Areas. In Item 2 of this Report, there is a schedule (by product, geographic area and operating company) showing the royalty income received by the Trust during the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020.

(d) Information about our Trustees and Executive Officers. As specified in the Trust Agreement, the affairs of the Trust are managed by not more than five individual Trustees who receive compensation determined under that same agreement. One of the Trustees is designated as Managing Trustee. Robert P. Adelman has served in a non-executive capacity as Managing Trustee since November 1, 2006.

Ahron H. Haspel is independent and has been determined to be a financial expert (both as defined in the SEC rules). Mr. Haspel serves as Chairman for the Audit and Compensation Committees. Lawrence A. Kobrin serves as Clerk to the Trustees (a role similar to that of a corporate secretary). For these services, these three individuals receive additional compensation.

Day-to-day matters are handled by the Managing Director, John R. Van Kirk, who also serves as CEO and CFO. John R. Van Kirk has held the position of Managing Director of the Trust since November 1990. As a cost saving measure, the Trust shifted to a virtual office in fiscal 2019. This shift has not impacted the operations or administration of the Trust. In addition to the Managing Director, the Trust has one administrative employee in the United States, whose title is Administrator.

The Trust and UUCSR have retained the services of a consultant, an accounting firm and a legal firm in Germany. The consultant has broad experience in the petroleum industry and provides reports on a regular basis. The accounting firm and the legal firm advise and represent as needed. The Trust and the co-royalty holder share the costs of these services in Germany.

(e) Available Information. The Trust maintains a website at www.neort.com. The Trust's Annual Reports, Form 10-K annual reports, Form 10-Q quarterly reports and the Definitive Proxy Statements are available through the Trust's website as soon as reasonably practicable after such reports are filed with or furnished to the SEC. Press releases and tax letters are available through the website as soon as practicable after release. The North European Oil Royalty Trust Agreement (as amended), the Trust's Code of Conduct and Business Ethics, the Trustees' Regulations and the Trust's Audit Committee Charter are also available through the Trust's website. The Trust's website and the information contained in it and connected to it shall not be deemed incorporated by reference into this Form 10-K.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

Not applicable.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None

Item 2. Properties.

The properties of the Trust, which the Trust and Trustees hold pursuant to the Trust Agreement on behalf of the unit owners, are overriding royalty rights on sales of gas, sulfur and oil under a concession in the Federal Republic of Germany (the "Oldenburg concession"). The Oldenburg concession covers approximately 1,386,000 acres, is located in the German federal state of Lower Saxony, and is the area from which natural gas, sulfur and oil are extracted. The Oldenburg concession currently provides 100% of all the royalties received by the Trust. The Oldenburg concession is held by Mobil Erdgas-Erdol GmbH ("Mobil Erdgas"), a German operating subsidiary of ExxonMobil, and by Oldenburgische Erdolgesellschaft ("OEG"). As a result of direct and indirect ownership, ExxonMobil owns two-thirds of OEG and the Royal Dutch/Shell Group of Companies owns one-third of OEG. BEB Erdgas und Erdol GmbH ("BEB"), a joint venture in which ExxonMobil and the Royal Dutch/Shell Group each own 50%, administers the concession held by OEG.

In 2002, Mobil Erdgas and BEB formed ExxonMobil Production Deutschland GmbH (“EMPG”) to carry out all exploration, drilling and production activities. All sales activities upon which the calculation of royalties is based are still handled by either Mobil Erdgas or BEB (the “operating companies”).

Under one set of rights covering the western part of the Oldenburg concession (approximately 662,000 acres), the Trust receives a royalty payment of 4% on gross receipts from sales by Mobil Erdgas of gas well gas, oil well gas, crude oil and condensate (the “Mobil Agreement”). Under the Mobil Agreement there is no deduction of costs prior to the calculation of royalties from gas well gas and oil well gas, which together account for approximately 99% of all the royalties under said agreement. Historically, the Trust has received significantly greater royalty payments under the Mobil Agreement (as compared to the OEG Agreement described below) due to the higher royalty rate specified by that agreement.

The Trust is also entitled under an agreement with Mobil Erdgas to receive a 2% royalty on gross receipts of sales of sulfur obtained as a by-product of sour gas produced from the western part of Oldenburg (the “Mobil Sulfur Agreement”). The payment of the sulfur royalty is conditioned upon sales of sulfur by Mobil Erdgas at a selling price above an agreed upon base price. This base price is adjusted annually by an inflation index. When the average quarterly selling price falls below the indexed base price, no sulfur royalties are paid by Mobil Erdgas. Sulfur royalties under the Mobil Agreement totaled \$71,280 and \$150,157 during fiscal 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Under another set of rights covering the entire Oldenburg concession and pursuant to the agreement with OEG, the Trust receives royalties at the rate of 0.6667% on gross receipts from sales by BEB of gas well gas, oil well gas, crude oil, condensate and sulfur (removed during the processing of sour gas) less a certain allowed deduction of costs (the “OEG Agreement”). Under the OEG Agreement, 50% of the field handling and treatment costs as reported for state royalty purposes are deducted from the gross sales receipts prior to the calculation of the royalty to be paid to the Trust.

Vermilion Energy Inc. (“Vermilion”), a Canadian based international oil and gas producer, entered into a Farm-In Agreement (the “Farm-In Agreement”) with Mobil Erdgas and BEB effective as of January 1, 2016. The Farm-In Agreement does not impact the Trust’s royalty interests. The Trust has been advised by its consultant in Germany that, based on the consultant’s conversations with EMPG employees and other sources, Vermilion has acquired an interest in various portions of a concession or areas owned by Mobil Erdgas and BEB pursuant to the Farm-In Agreement. As of the date of this report, no drilling or development work within the Oldenburg concession has been done by Vermilion, and the Trust is unaware of any potential extension of the Farm-In Agreement beyond 2020.

The following is a schedule of royalty income for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2020 by product, geographic area and operating company:

By Product:

<u>Product</u>	<u>Royalty Income</u>
Gas Well and Oil Well Gas	\$3,807,678
Sulfur	\$ 209,345
Oil	\$ 32,994

By Geographic Area:

<u>Area</u>	<u>Royalty Income</u>
Western Oldenburg	\$3,240,029
Eastern Oldenburg	\$ 809,988

By Operating Company:

<u>Company</u>	<u>Royalty Income</u>
Mobil Erdgas (under the Mobil Agreement)	\$2,872,610
BEB (under the OEG Agreement)	\$1,177,407

Exhibit 99.1 to this Report is a report entitled Calculation of Cost Depletion Percentage for the 2020 Calendar Year Based on the Estimate of Remaining Proved Producing Reserves in the Northwest Basin of the Federal Republic of Germany as of October 1, 2020 (the "Cost Depletion Report"). The Cost Depletion Report, dated November 30, 2020, was prepared by Graves & Co. Consulting, LLC, 2777 Allen Parkway, Suite 1200, Houston, Texas 77019 ("Graves & Co."). Graves & Co. is an independent petroleum and natural gas consulting organization specialized in analyzing hydrocarbon reserves.

The Cost Depletion Report provides documentation supporting the calculation of the cost depletion percentage for the 2020 calendar year based on the use of certain production data and the estimated net proved producing reserves as of October 1, 2020 for the primary area in which the Trust holds overriding royalty rights. In order to permit timely filing of the Cost Depletion Report and consistent with the practice of the Trust in prior years, the information has been prepared for the 12-month period ended September 30, 2020. While this is one month prior to the end of the fiscal year of the Trust, the information available for production and sales through the end of September is the most complete information available at a date early enough to permit the timely preparation of the various reports required. Unit owners are referred to the full text of the Cost Depletion Report contained herein for further details.

The cost depletion percentage is prepared by Graves & Co. for the Trust's unit owners for tax reporting purposes. The cost depletion percentage in that report for calendar 2020 is 16.5776%. Specific details relative to the Trust's income and expenses and cost depletion percentage as they apply to the calculation of taxable income for the 2020 calendar year are included on removable pages in the

2020 Annual Report. Additionally, the tax reporting information for 2020 is available on the Trust's website, <http://www.neort.com/tax-letters.html>.

The primary purpose of the Cost Depletion Report is the preparation of the cost depletion percentage for use by unit owners in their own tax reporting. The only information provided to the Trust that can be utilized in the calculation of the cost depletion percentage is current and historical production and sales of proved producing reserves. For the western half of the Oldenburg concession, the Trust receives quarterly production and sales information on a well-by-well basis. For the eastern half of the Oldenburg concession, the Trust receives cumulative quarterly production and sales information on two general areas. These general areas encompass numerous fields with varying numbers of wells. Pursuant to the arrangements under which the Trust holds royalty rights and the fact that the Trust is not considered an operating company within Germany, the Trust has no access to the operating companies' proprietary information concerning producing field reservoir data. The Trustees have been advised by their German counsel that publication of such information is not required under applicable law in Germany and that the royalty rights do not grant the Trust the right to require or compel the release of such information. Efforts to obtain such information from the operating companies have not been successful. The information made available to the Trust by the operating companies does not include any of the following: reserve estimates, capitalized costs, production cost estimates, revenue projections, producing field reservoir data (including pressure data, permeability, porosity and thickness of producing zone) or other similar information. While the limited information available to the Trust permits the calculation of the cost depletion percentage, it does not change the uncertainty with respect to the estimate of proved producing reserves. In addition, it is impossible for the Trust or its consultant to make estimates of proved undeveloped or probable future net recoverable oil and gas by appropriate geographic areas.

The Trust has the authority to examine, but only for certain limited purposes, the operating companies' sales and production from the royalty areas. The Trust also has access to published materials in Germany from W.E.G. (a German organization equivalent to the American Petroleum Institute or the American Gas Association). The use of such statistical information relating to production and sales necessarily involves extrapolations and projections. Both Graves & Co. and the Trustees believe the use of the material available is appropriate and suitable for preparation of the cost depletion percentage and the estimates described in the Cost Depletion Report. The Trustees and Graves & Co. believe this report and these estimates to be reasonable and appropriate but assume that these estimates may vary from statistical estimates which could be made if reservoir production information (of the kind normally available to producing companies in the United States) were available. The limited information available makes it inappropriate to make projections or estimates of proved or probable reserves of any category or class other than the estimated net proved producing reserves described in the Cost Depletion Report.

Attachment A of the Cost Depletion Report shows a schedule of estimated net proved producing reserves of the Trust's royalty properties, computed as of October 1, 2020 and a five-year schedule of gas, sulfur and oil sales for the twelve months ended September 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016 computed from quarterly sales reports of operating companies received by the Trust during such periods.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

The Trust is not a party to any pending legal proceedings.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not Applicable.

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters, and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

None.

PART II

Item 6. Selected Financial Data.

Not applicable.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Executive Summary

The Trust is a passive fixed investment trust which holds overriding royalty rights, receives income under those rights from certain operating companies, pays its expenses and distributes the remaining net funds to its unit owners. As mandated by the Trust Agreement, distributions of income are made on a quarterly basis. These distributions, as determined by the Trustees, constitute substantially all of the funds on hand after provision is made for Trust expenses then anticipated.

The Trust does not engage in any business or extractive operations of any kind in the areas over which it holds royalty rights and is precluded from engaging in such activities by the Trust Agreement. There are no requirements, therefore, for capital resources with which to make capital expenditures or investments in order to continue the receipt of royalty revenues by the Trust.

The properties of the Trust are described in Item 2. Properties of this Report. Of particular importance with respect to royalty income are the two royalty agreements, the Mobil Agreement and the OEG Agreement. The Mobil Agreement covers gas sales from the western part of the Oldenburg concession. The Trust has traditionally received the majority of its royalty income under the Mobil Agreement due to the higher royalty rate of 4%. The OEG Agreement covers gas sales from the entire Oldenburg concession but the royalty rate of 0.6667% is significantly lower and gas royalties have been correspondingly lower.

The operating companies pay royalties to the Trust based on their sales of natural gas, sulfur and oil. Of these three products, natural gas provided approximately 94% of the total royalties in fiscal 2020. The amount of royalties paid to the Trust is primarily based on four factors: the amount of gas sold, the price of that gas, the area from which the gas is sold and the exchange rate. For purposes of the royalty calculations, the determination of the gas price is explained in detail in the following three paragraphs.

On August 26, 2016, the Mobil and OEG Agreements were amended establishing a new base for the determination of gas prices upon which the Trust's royalties are calculated. This new base is set as the state assessment base for natural gas used by the operating companies in their calculation of royalties payable to the State of Lower Saxony. This change reflects a shift from the use of gas ex-field prices ("contractual prices") to the prices calculated for the German Border Import gas Price ("GBIP"). For the royalty calculations, the average GBIP used under the Mobil and OEG Royalty Agreements has been and will continue to be increased by 1% and 3%, respectively.

The change to the GBIP was intended to be revenue neutral for the Trust in comparison to the previous pricing methodology. Additionally, this change was intended to reduce the scope and cost of the accounting examination, eliminate ongoing disputes with OEG and Mobil regarding sales to related parties, and reduce prior year adjustments to the normally scheduled year-end reconciliation. The pricing basis has eliminated certain costs (transportation and plant gas storage) that were previously deductible prior to the royalty calculation under the OEG Agreement.

On approximately the 25th of the months of January, April, July and October, the operating companies calculate the volume of gas sold during the previous calendar quarter. This volume of gas sold is then multiplied by the average adjusted GBIP available at that time. Due to delays in the calculation of the GBIP by the state, the most current GBIP is from a period ending two months prior to the end of the relevant calendar quarter. The respective royalty amount is divided into thirds and forms the monthly royalty payments to the Trust (payable on the 15th of each month) for the Trust's upcoming fiscal quarter. At the same time that the operating companies determine the actual amount of royalties that were payable for the prior calendar quarter, they look at the actual amount of royalties that were paid to the Trust for that period and calculate the difference between what was paid and what was payable. Any positive adjustments are paid immediately and any negative adjustments would be deducted from the royalty payment for the first month of the next fiscal quarter. In September of the succeeding calendar year, the operating companies make the final determination of any necessary royalty adjustments for the prior calendar year with a positive or negative adjustment made accordingly.

There are two types of natural gas found within the Oldenburg concession, sweet gas and sour gas. Sweet gas has little or no contaminants and needs no treatment before it can be sold. Sour gas, in comparison, must be processed at the Grossenkneten desulfurization plant before it can be sold. The desulfurization process removes hydrogen sulfide and other contaminants. The hydrogen sulfide in gaseous form is converted to sulfur in a solid form, which is sold separately. With full operation of the plant, raw gas input capacity stands at approximately 400 million cubic feet ("MMcf") per day. As needed, EMPG conducts maintenance on the plant generally during the summer months when demand is lower. As part of the regular 10-year scheduled maintenance, Grossenkneten underwent an overhaul from September 8, 2020 through October 13, 2020. During this time the plant was completely shut down and no sour gas was processed. Since sour gas accounts for 75% of overall gas sales and 98% of western gas sales, this shutdown significantly impacted royalty income during the fourth quarter

of fiscal 2020 and will likely impact royalty income during the upcoming first quarter of fiscal 2021.

For unit owners, changes in the U.S. dollar value of the Euro have an immediate impact. This impact occurs at the time the royalties, which are paid to the Trust in Euros, are converted into U.S. dollars at the applicable exchange rate and transferred from Germany to the Trust's bank account in the United States. In relation to the U.S. dollar, a stronger Euro would yield more U.S. dollars and a weaker Euro would yield fewer U.S. dollars.

Seasonal demand factors affect the income from the Trust's royalty rights insofar as they relate to energy demands and increases or decreases in prices, but on average they are generally not material to the annual income received under the Trust's royalty rights.

The Trust has no means of ensuring continued income from overriding royalty rights at their present level or otherwise. The Trust's consultant in Germany provides general information to the Trust on the German and European economies and energy markets. This information provides a context in which to evaluate the actions of the operating companies. The Trust's consultant receives reports from EMPG with respect to current and planned drilling and exploration efforts. However, EMPG and the operating companies continue to limit the information flow to that which is required by German law, and the Trust is not able to confirm the accuracy of any of the information supplied by EMPG or the operating companies.

The low level of administrative expenses of the Trust limits the effect of inflation on costs. Sustained price inflation would be reflected in sales prices. Sales prices along with sales volumes form the basis on which the royalties paid to the Trust are computed.

The Trust has previously distributed information regarding the negative adjustment of Euros 444,931 that is being carried over to the first quarter of fiscal 2021. Given the level of expected royalty payments for the first quarter of fiscal 2021 based upon the prior calendar quarter's actual royalties paid, the Trust anticipates the royalties for the first quarter of fiscal 2021 will be almost completely offset by this negative adjustment. It is possible that the anticipated royalties for the first quarter of fiscal 2021 may be increased by a positive end of quarter royalty adjustment in January; however, the two-week total shutdown of the Grossenkneten desulfurization plant in early October may reduce the potential for such a positive adjustment. No assurances with respect to any positive end of quarter royalty adjustment can be given at this time.

Results: Fiscal 2020 versus Fiscal 2019

For fiscal 2020, the Trust's gross royalty income decreased 51.47% to \$4,050,017 from \$8,344,712 in fiscal 2019. The decrease in the amount of royalty income resulted in the lower distribution. The total distribution for fiscal 2020 was \$0.32 per unit compared to \$0.82 per unit for fiscal 2019. Gas prices and gas sales under both royalty agreements declined significantly while the average exchange rates were only down slightly. The royalty income attributable to gas sales under the Mobil Agreement in fiscal 2020 decreased by \$2,084,772 as compared to fiscal 2019. Royalty income attributable to gas sales under the OEG Agreement in fiscal 2020 decreased by \$1,108,806 as compared to fiscal 2019.

As in prior years, the Trust receives adjustments from the operating companies based on their final calculations of royalties payable during the previous periods. During fiscal 2020, the adjustments

based on royalties payable for 2017, 2018 and 2019 decreased royalty income by \$653,916. During fiscal 2019, the adjustments based on royalties payable for 2018 increased royalty income by \$225,450. In fiscal 2020 and 2019, Mobil sulfur royalties totaled \$71,280 and \$150,157, respectively.

Gas sales under the Mobil Agreement decreased 15.86% to 17.259 Billion cubic feet (“Bcf”) in fiscal 2020 from 20.513 Bcf in fiscal 2019. The most significant factor resulting in the decrease in gas sales for 2020 was the negative impact of COVID-19 on the German, European and global economies. In addition, according to the Trust’s consultant in Germany, it is likely that some portion of the decline in gas production is due to the normal reduction in well pressure that is experienced over time.

Quarterly and Yearly Gas Sales under the Mobil Agreement in Billion cubic feet

Fiscal Quarter	2020 Gas Sales	2019 Gas Sales	Percentage Change
First	4.884	5.535	- 11.76%
Second	4.624	5.195	- 10.99%
Third	4.565	4.902	- 6.87%
Fourth	3.186	4.881	- 34.73%
Fiscal Year Total	17.259	20.513	- 15.86%

Average prices for gas sold under the Mobil Agreement decreased 30.10% to 1.3185 Euro cents per kilowatt hour (“€cents/kWh”) in fiscal 2020 from 1.8862 €cents/kWh in fiscal 2019.

Average Gas Prices under the Mobil Agreement in Euro cents per Kilowatt Hour

Fiscal Quarter	2020 Average Gas Prices	2019 Average Gas Prices	Percentage Change
First	1.3550	2.0582	- 34.17%
Second	1.6349	2.1250	- 23.06%
Third	1.2326	1.8620	- 33.80%
Fourth	0.9255	1.4612	- 36.66%
Fiscal Year Average	1.3185	1.8862	- 30.10%

Converting gas prices into more familiar terms, using the average exchange rate, yielded a price of \$4.21 per thousand cubic feet (“Mcf”), a 30.76% decrease from fiscal 2019’s average price of \$6.08/Mcf. For fiscal 2020, royalties paid under the Mobil Agreement were converted and transferred at an average Euro/U.S. dollar exchange rate of \$1.1145, a decrease of 0.73% from the average Euro/U.S. dollar exchange rate of \$1.1227 for fiscal 2019.

Average Euro Exchange Rate under the Mobil Agreement

Fiscal Quarter	2020 Average Euro Exchange Rate	2019 Average Euro Exchange Rate	Percentage Change
First	1.1105	1.1349	- 2.15%
Second	1.0943	1.1267	- 2.88%
Third	1.1143	1.1202	- 0.53%
Fourth	1.1761	1.1004	+ 6.88%
Fiscal Year Average	1.1145	1.1227	- 0.73%

Excluding the effects of differences in prices and average exchange rates, the combination of royalty rates on gas sold from western Oldenburg results in an effective royalty rate approximately seven times higher than the royalty rate on gas sold from eastern Oldenburg. This is of particular

significance to the Trust since gas sold from western Oldenburg provides the bulk of royalties paid to the Trust. For fiscal 2020, the volume of gas sold from western Oldenburg accounted for only 30.91% of the volume of all gas sales. However, western Oldenburg gas royalties provided approximately 81.43% or \$3,100,714 out of a total of \$3,807,678 in overall Oldenburg gas royalties.

Gas sales under the OEG Agreement decreased 16.55% to 55.841 Bcf in fiscal 2020 from 66.912 Bcf in fiscal 2019. The most significant factor resulting in the decrease in gas sales for 2020 was the negative impact of COVID-19 on the German, European and global economies. In addition, according to the Trust's consultant in Germany, it is likely that some portion of the decline in gas production is due to the normal reduction in well pressure that is experienced over time.

Quarterly and Yearly Gas Sales under the OEG Agreement in Billion cubic feet

Fiscal Quarter	2020 Gas Sales	2019 Gas Sales	Percentage Change
First	16.026	17.536	- 8.61%
Second	15.266	16.851	- 9.41%
Third	13.948	16.320	- 14.53%
Fourth	10.601	16.205	- 34.58%
Fiscal Year Total	55.841	66.912	- 16.55%

Average gas prices for gas sold under the OEG Agreement decreased 29.91% to 1.3458 €cents/kWh in fiscal 2020 from 1.9200 €cents/kWh in fiscal 2019.

Average Gas Prices under the OEG Agreement in Euro cents per Kilowatt Hour

Fiscal Quarter	2020 Average Gas Prices	2019 Average Gas Prices	Percentage Change
First	1.3818	2.0989	- 34.17%
Second	1.6672	2.1670	- 23.06%
Third	1.2570	1.8988	- 33.80%
Fourth	0.9438	1.4901	- 36.66%
Fiscal Year Average	1.3458	1.9200	- 29.91%

Converting gas prices into more familiar terms, using the average exchange rate, yielded a price of \$4.18/Mcf, a 30.56% decrease from fiscal 2019's average price of \$6.02/Mcf. For fiscal 2020, royalties paid under the OEG Agreement were converted and transferred at an average Euro/U.S. dollar exchange rate of \$1.1114, a decrease of 0.99% from the average Euro/U.S. dollar exchange rate of \$1.1225 for fiscal 2019.

Average Euro Exchange Rate under the OEG Agreement

Fiscal Quarter	2020 Average Euro Exchange Rate	2019 Average Euro Exchange Rate	Percentage Change
First	1.1115	1.1352	- 2.09%
Second	1.0955	1.1267	- 2.77%
Third	1.1141	1.1187	- 0.41%
Fourth	1.1730	1.0989	+ 6.74%
Fiscal Year Average	1.1114	1.1225	- 0.99%

Interest income for fiscal 2020 of \$2,853 decreased from interest income of \$14,451 for fiscal 2019 due to reduced royalty income and lower interest rates in effect. Trust expenses decreased

\$14,591, or 1.87%, to \$766,507 in fiscal 2020 from \$781,098 in fiscal 2019 due to the reduced office expenses associated with the conversion to a virtual office and reduced Trustees' fees as specified in the provisions of the Trust Agreement.

Report on Exploration and Drilling

The Trust's German consultant periodically contacts the representatives of the operating companies to inquire about their planned and proposed drilling and geophysical work and other general matters. The following represents a summary of the most recent information the Trust's German consultant received from representatives of EMPG as of November 2020. The Trust is not able to confirm the accuracy of any of the information supplied by the operating companies. In addition, the operating companies are not required to take any of the actions outlined and, if they change their plans with respect to any such actions, they are not obligated to inform the Trust.

Doetlingen Z-3A, which had ceased production in 2013, was plugged and abandoned in 2020. Varenesch Z-1 as well as Varnhorn Z-5 and Z-10 have been secured and are awaiting final plugging and abandonment.

Varnhorn Z-2 underwent a workover and several stimulation jobs to optimize performance. The surface facilities of two Carboniferous wells, Goldenstedt Z-9 and Z-23, had suffered heavy corrosion and suspended production for four weeks during May-June 2020.

Ahlhorn Z-3, a sour gas exploration/re-development well, has been postponed indefinitely due to budget reasons and low gas prices. While preliminary permit requests had been filed with the Mining Authority in October 2019, it is unclear whether drilling will commence in 2021. If drilling is started, the project duration is estimated by EMPG to be about one year. This well will attempt to reactivate the Ahlhorn field which was abandoned in 1997.

Information on wells that are not named or are in preliminary planning stages is not divulged by EMPG.

Critical Accounting Policies

The financial statements, appearing subsequently in this Report, present financial statement balances and financial results on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP basis”). Cash basis accounting is an accepted accounting method for royalty trusts such as the Trust. GAAP basis financial statements disclose income as earned and expenses as incurred, without regard to receipts or payments. The use of GAAP would require the Trust to accrue for expected royalty payments. This is exceedingly difficult since the Trust has very limited information on such payments until they are received and cannot accurately project such amounts. The Trust’s cash basis financial statements disclose revenue when cash is received and expenses when cash is paid. The one modification of the cash basis of accounting is that the Trust accrues for distributions to be paid to unit owners (those distributions approved by the Trustees for the Trust). The Trust’s distributable income represents royalty income received by the Trust during the period plus interest income less any expenses incurred by the Trust, all on a cash basis. In the opinion of the Trustees, the use of the modified cash basis provides a more meaningful presentation to unit owners of the results of operations of the Trust and presents to the unit owners a more accurate calculation of income and expenses for tax reporting purposes.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Trust has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

This Report on Form 10-K may contain forward-looking statements intended to qualify for the safe harbor from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements address future expectations and events or conditions concerning the Trust. Many of these statements are based on information provided to the Trust by the operating companies or by consultants using public information sources. These statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in any forward-looking statements. These include:

- risks and uncertainties concerning levels of gas production and gas sale prices, general economic conditions and currency exchange rates;
- the ability or willingness of the operating companies to perform under their contractual obligations with the Trust;
- potential disputes with the operating companies and the resolution thereof; and
- the effect of the novel coronavirus identified as “COVID-19” on our financial results.

All such factors are difficult to predict, contain uncertainties that may materially affect actual results, and are generally beyond the control of the Trust. New factors emerge from time to time and it is not possible for the Trust to predict all such factors or to assess the impact of each such factor on the Trust. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and the Trust does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

The Trust does not engage in any trading activities with respect to possible foreign exchange fluctuations. The Trust does not use any financial instruments to hedge against possible risks related to foreign exchange fluctuations. The market risk with respect to funds held in the Trust's bank account in Germany is negligible because standing instructions at the Trust's German bank require the bank to process conversions and transfers of royalty payments as soon as possible following their receipt. The Trust does not engage in any trading activities with respect to commodity price fluctuations.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Trustees and the Unit Owners of
North European Oil Royalty Trust

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of assets, liabilities and trust corpus of North European Oil Royalty Trust (the "Trust") as of October 31, 2020 and 2019, and the related statements of revenue collected and expenses paid, undistributed earnings, and changes in cash and cash equivalents for each of the years in the two-year period ended October 31, 2020, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the financial statements). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of October 31, 2020 and 2019, and its revenue collected and expenses paid, and changes in its cash and cash equivalents for each of the years in the two-year period ended October 31, 2020, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Basis of Accounting

As described in Note 1, these financial statements have been prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Mazars USA LLP

We have served as the Trust's auditor since 2006.

New York, NY

December 30, 2020

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND TRUST CORPUS (NOTE 1)

OCTOBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

ASSETS	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current assets - - Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 649,585	\$ 1,590,893
Producing gas and oil royalty rights, net of amortization (Notes 1 and 2)	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 649,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,590,894</u>
LIABILITIES AND TRUST CORPUS	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current liabilities - - Distributions to be paid to unit owners, paid November 2020 and 2019	\$ 183,811	\$ 1,470,494
Trust corpus (Notes 1 and 2)	1	1
Undistributed earnings	<u>465,774</u>	<u>120,399</u>
Total Liabilities and Trust Corpus	<u>\$ 649,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,590,894</u>

The accompanying notes are
an integral part of these financial statements.

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

STATEMENTS OF REVENUE COLLECTED AND EXPENSES PAID (NOTE 1)

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Gas, sulfur and oil royalties received	\$ 4,050,017	\$ 8,344,712
Interest income	<u>2,853</u>	<u>14,451</u>
Trust Income	<u>4,052,870</u>	<u>8,359,163</u>
Non-related party expenses	(715,490)	(703,351)
Related party expenses (Note 3)	<u>(51,017)</u>	<u>(77,747)</u>
Trust Expenses	<u>(766,507)</u>	<u>(781,098)</u>
Net Income	<u>\$ 3,286,363</u>	<u>\$ 7,578,065</u>
Net income per unit	<u>\$ 0.36</u>	<u>\$ 0.82</u>
Distributions per unit paid or to be paid to unit owners	<u>\$ 0.32</u>	<u>\$ 0.82</u>

The accompanying notes are
an integral part of these financial statements.

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

STATEMENTS OF UNDISTRIBUTED EARNINGS (NOTE 1)

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 120,399	\$ 78,618
Net income	<u>3,286,363</u>	<u>7,578,065</u>
	3,406,762	7,656,683
Less:		
Current year distributions paid or to be paid to unit owners	<u>2,940,988</u>	<u>7,536,284</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ 465,774</u>	<u>\$ 120,399</u>

The accompanying notes are
an integral part of these financial statements.

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 1)

FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED OCTOBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Sources of Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Gas, sulfur and oil royalties received	\$ 4,050,017	\$ 8,344,712
Interest income	<u>2,853</u>	<u>14,451</u>
	<u>4,052,870</u>	<u>8,359,163</u>
Uses of Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Payment of Trust expenses	766,507	781,098
Distributions paid	<u>4,227,671</u>	<u>7,444,379</u>
	<u>4,994,178</u>	<u>8,225,477</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	(941,308)	133,686
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>1,590,893</u>	<u>1,457,207</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 649,585</u>	<u>\$ 1,590,893</u>

The accompanying notes are
an integral part of these financial statements.

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OCTOBER 31, 2020 AND 2019

(1) Summary of significant accounting policies:

Basis of accounting -

The accompanying financial statements of North European Oil Royalty Trust (the “Trust”) are prepared in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. Financial statement balances and financial results are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“GAAP basis”). In the opinion of management, all adjustments that are considered necessary for a fair presentation of these financial statements, including adjustments of a normal, recurring nature, have been included.

On a modified cash basis, revenue is earned when cash is received and expenses are incurred when cash is paid. GAAP basis financial statements disclose revenue as earned and expenses as incurred, without regard to receipts or payments. The modified cash basis of accounting is utilized to permit the accrual for distributions to be paid to unit owners (those distributions approved by the Trustees for the Trust). The Trust’s distributable income represents royalty income received by the Trust during the period plus interest income less any expenses incurred by the Trust, all on a cash basis. In the opinion of the Trustees, the use of the modified cash basis of accounting provides a more meaningful presentation to unit owners of the results of operations of the Trust.

The Trust receives adjustments from the operating companies based on their final calculations of royalties payable during the prior periods, including the immediately preceding calendar quarter. Negative adjustments are carried over to the succeeding quarter. A negative adjustment of 444,931 Euros from the fourth quarter of fiscal 2020 will be carried over and offset against future royalty revenue received in the first quarter of fiscal 2021.

Producing gas and oil royalty rights -

The rights to certain gas and oil royalties in Germany were transferred to the Trust at their net book value by North European Oil Company (the “Company”) (see Note 2). The net book value of the royalty rights has been reduced to one dollar (\$1) in view of the fact that the remaining net book value of royalty rights is *de minimis* relative to annual royalties received and distributed by the Trust and does not bear any meaningful relationship to the fair value of such rights or the actual amount of proved producing reserves.

Federal and state income taxes -

The Trust, as a grantor trust and also under a private letter ruling issued by the Internal Revenue Service, is exempt from federal income taxes. The Trust has no state income tax obligations.

Cash and cash equivalents -

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as amounts deposited in bank accounts and amounts invested in certificates of deposit and U. S. Treasury bills with original maturities generally of three months or less from the date of purchase. The investment options available to the Trust are limited in accordance with specific provisions of the Trust Agreement. As of October 31, 2020, the uninsured amounts held in the Trust's U.S. bank accounts were \$387,960. In addition, the Trust held €9,977, the equivalent of \$11,626, in its German bank account at October 31, 2020.

Net income per unit -

Net income per unit is based upon the number of units outstanding at the end of the period. As of October 31, 2020 and 2019, there were 9,190,590 units of beneficial interest outstanding.

New accounting pronouncements –

The Trust is not aware of any recently issued, but not yet effective, accounting standards that would be expected to have a significant impact on the Trust's financial position or results of operations.

(2) Formation of the Trust:

The Trust was formed on September 10, 1975. As of September 30, 1975, the Company was liquidated and the remaining assets and liabilities of the Company, including its royalty rights, were transferred to the Trust. The Trust, on behalf of the owners of beneficial interest in the Trust, holds overriding royalty rights covering gas and oil production in certain concessions or leases in the Federal Republic of Germany. These rights are held under contracts with local German exploration and development subsidiaries of ExxonMobil Corp. and the Royal Dutch/Shell Group of Companies. Under these contracts, the Trust receives various percentage royalties on the proceeds of the sales of certain products from the areas involved. At the present time, royalties are received for sales of gas well gas, oil well gas, crude oil, condensate and sulfur.

(3) Related party transactions:

John R. Van Kirk, the Managing Director of the Trust, provides office services to the Trust at cost. For such office services, the Trust reimbursed the Managing Director \$4,020 and \$26,166 in fiscal 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Lawrence A. Kobrin, a Trustee of the Trust, is no longer a partner of the firm but remains a Senior Counsel at Cahill Gordon & Reindel LLP, which serves as counsel to the Trust. For legal services, the Trust paid Cahill Gordon & Reindel LLP \$46,997 and \$51,581 in fiscal 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(4) Employee benefit plan:

The Trust has established a savings incentive match plan for employees (SIMPLE IRA) that is available to both employees of the Trust, one of whom is the Managing Director. The Trustees

authorized the making of contributions by the Trust to the accounts of employees, on a matching basis, of up to 3% of cash compensation paid to each such employee for the 2020 and 2019 calendar years.

(5) Quarterly results (unaudited):

The tables below summarize the quarterly results and distributions of the Trust for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2020 and 2019:

Fiscal 2020 by Quarter and Year

	<u>First</u>	<u>Second</u>	<u>Third</u>	<u>Fourth</u>	<u>Year</u>
Royalties received	\$1,025,965	\$1,275,824	\$1,399,614	\$348,614	\$4,050,017
Net income	\$747,737	\$1,041,902	\$1,278,075	\$218,649	\$3,286,363
Net income per unit	\$0.08	\$0.11	\$0.14	\$0.02	\$0.36
Distributions paid or to be paid	\$735,247	\$1,010,965	\$1,010,965	\$183,811	\$2,940,988
Distributions per unit paid or to be paid to unit owners	\$0.08	\$0.11	\$0.11	\$0.02	\$0.32

Fiscal 2019 by Quarter and Year

	<u>First</u>	<u>Second</u>	<u>Third</u>	<u>Fourth</u>	<u>Year</u>
Royalties received	\$2,303,000	\$2,235,350	\$2,146,227	\$1,660,135	\$8,344,712
Net income	\$2,037,785	\$2,001,753	\$2,022,464	\$1,516,063	\$7,578,065
Net income per unit	\$0.22	\$0.22	\$0.22	\$0.16	\$0.82
Distributions paid or to be paid	\$2,021,930	\$2,021,930	\$2,021,930	\$1,470,494	\$7,536,284
Distributions per unit paid or to be paid to unit owners	\$0.22	\$0.22	\$0.22	\$0.16	\$0.82

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

The Trust maintains disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Trust is recorded, processed, summarized, accumulated and communicated to its management, which consists of the Managing Director, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. The Managing Director has performed an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Trust's disclosure controls and procedures as of October 31, 2020. Based on that evaluation, the Managing Director concluded that the Trust's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of October 31, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Part A. Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Trust's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f)) for the Trust. There are inherent limitations in the effectiveness of any internal control, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of controls. Accordingly, even effective internal controls can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation. Further, because of changes in conditions, the effectiveness of internal control may vary over time. Management has evaluated the Trust's internal control over financial reporting as of October 31, 2020. This assessment was based on criteria for effective internal control over financial reporting described in the standards promulgated by the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board and in the *Internal Control-Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on this evaluation, management concluded that the Trust's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of October 31, 2020.

Part B. Attestation Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Not applicable.

Part C. Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in the Trust's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2020 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Trust's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information.

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

Except as set forth below, the information required by this item will be contained in the Trust's definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Unit Owners to be held on February 17, 2021, to be filed pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Code of Ethics

The Trustees adopted a Code of Conduct and Business Ethics (the "Code") beginning in 2004 for the Trust's Trustees and employees, including the Managing Director. The Managing Director serves the roles of principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer. A copy of the Code is available without charge on request by writing to the Managing Director at the office of the Trust. The Code is also available on the Trust's website, www.neort.com.

All Trustees and employees of the Trust are required to read and sign a copy of the Code annually. No waivers or exceptions to the Code have been granted since the adoption of the Code. Any amendments or waivers to the Code, to the extent required, will be disclosed in a Form 8-K filing of the Trust after such amendment or waiver.

Item 11. Executive Compensation.

The information required by this item will be contained in the Trust's definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Unit Owners to be held on February 17, 2021, to be filed pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters.

The information required by this item will be contained in the Trust's definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Unit Owners to be held on February 17, 2021, to be filed pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

The information required by this item will be contained in the Trust's definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Unit Owners to be held on February 17, 2021, to be filed pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services.

The information required by this item will be contained in the Trust's definitive Proxy Statement for its Annual Meeting of Unit Owners to be held on February 17, 2021, to be filed pursuant to Section 14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules.

(a) The following is a list of the documents filed as part of this Report:

1. Financial Statements

Index to Financial Statements for the Fiscal Years Ended
October 31, 2020 and 2019

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Trust Corpus as of
October 31, 2020 and 2019

Statements of Revenue Collected and Expenses Paid for the
Fiscal Years Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019

Statements of Undistributed Earnings for the Fiscal Years Ended
October 31, 2020 and 2019

Statements of Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents for the
Fiscal Years Ended October 31, 2020 and 2019

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Exhibits

The Exhibit Index following the signature page lists all exhibits filed with this Report
or incorporated by reference.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.

None.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Trust has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

NORTH EUROPEAN OIL ROYALTY TRUST

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ John R. Van Kirk

John R. Van Kirk, Managing Director
and Principal Accounting Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this Report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ Robert P. Adelman

Robert P. Adelman, Managing Trustee

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ Ahron H. Haspel

Ahron H. Haspel, Trustee

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ Lawrence A. Kobrin

Lawrence A. Kobrin, Trustee

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ Nancy J. Prue

Nancy J. Prue, Trustee

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ Willard B. Taylor

Willard B. Taylor, Trustee

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ John R. Van Kirk

John R. Van Kirk, Managing Director
and Principal Accounting Officer

Exhibit Index

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Page</u>
(3.1) North European Oil Royalty Trust Agreement, dated September 10, 1975, as amended through February 13, 2008 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 15, 2008 (File No. 0-8378)).	
(3.2) Amended and Restated Trustees' Regulations, amended and restated as of October 31, 2007 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K, filed November 2, 2007 (File No. 0-8378)).	
(4.1) Description of Securities	32
(10.1) Agreement with OEG, dated April 2, 1979, exhibit to Current Report on Form 8-K filed May 11, 1979 (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 1 to Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 11, 1979 (File No. 0-8378)).	
(10.2) Agreement with Mobil Oil, A.G. concerning sulfur royalty payment, dated March 30, 1979 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3 to Current Report on Form 8-K, filed May 11, 1979 (File No. 0-8378)).	
(10.3) English language translation of Amendment Agreement dated August 26, 2016 between Oldenburgische Erdolgesellschaft mbH and North European Oil Royalty Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2016 (File No. 1-8245)).	
(10.4) English language translation of Amendment Agreement dated August 26, 2016 between Mobil Erdgas-Erdol GmbH and North European Oil Royalty Trust (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2016 (File No. 1-8245)).	
(21) There are no subsidiaries of the Trust.	
(31) Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	33

(32)	Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	35
(99.1)	Calculation of Cost Depletion Percentage for the 2020 Calendar Year Based on the Estimate of Remaining Proved Producing Reserves in the Northwest Basin of the Federal Republic of Germany as of October 1, 2020 prepared by Graves & Co. Consulting, LLC	36
(99.2)	Order Approving Settlement signed by Vice Chancellor Jack Jacobs of the Delaware Court of Chancery (incorporated by reference as Exhibit 99.2 to Current Report on Form 8-K, filed February 26, 1996).	

Exhibit 4.1

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

The following is a summary of information concerning units of beneficial interest of North European Oil Royalty Trust (the “**Trust**”). The summaries and descriptions below do not purport to be complete statements of the relevant provisions of the Trust Agreement (“**Trust Agreement**”) dated as of September 10, 1975 (as last amended on February 13, 2008) or the Amended and Restated Trustees’ Regulations, dated as of October 31, 2007 (the “**Regulations**”), and are entirely qualified by these documents.

Units. The Trust’s units of beneficial interest (the “**Units**”) are registered under Section 12(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol “NRT.” The issued and outstanding Units are fully paid and non-assessable. This means the full purchase price for the outstanding Units have been paid and the owners of such Units will not be assessed any additional amounts for such Units.

Distributions and Reserves. The Trustees will, not less than quarterly, distribute and pay to the unit owners, in proportion to their respective beneficial interest of the Units, all rents, royalties, income, proceeds and other receipt of or from the properties held by the Trustees (“**Trust Estate**”), after payment of, or provision for, the expenses, liabilities and obligations of the Trust Estate. The Trustees have the right to determine from time to time the amounts to be retained as reserves in connection with anticipated charges or expenses of the Trust, for contingent or unascertained liabilities or obligations of the Trust, or for such other purpose as the Trustees may determine.

Voting Rights. Each Unit is entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of unit owners. Neither the Trust Agreement nor the Regulations provide for cumulative voting in the election of the Trustees.

Other Rights. The Units are not subject to redemption by operation of a sinking fund or otherwise. Unit owners are not currently entitled to pre-emptive rights.

Exhibit 31

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
Pursuant to Section 302
of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, John R. Van Kirk, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of North European Oil Royalty Trust;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; and
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

- d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and to the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 30, 2020

/s/ John R. Van Kirk
John R. Van Kirk
Managing Director
Chief Executive Officer
and Chief Financial Officer

Exhibit 32

Certification of Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Financial Officer
Pursuant to Section 906
of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (Chapter 63, Title 18 U.S.C. §1350(a) and (b)), the undersigned hereby certifies that the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended October 31, 2020 of North European Oil Royalty Trust (“Trust”) fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in such Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Trust.

Dated: December 30, 2020

/s/ John R. Van Kirk
John R. Van Kirk
Managing Director
Chief Executive Officer
and Chief Financial Officer